PA Competency Checklist – Diagnostics and Therapeutics 2.02

PA Name:	Does the PA meet the Standard? (Initial + date)		Plan
	γ	N	
CLINICALEXPERT			
Teach patients diabetes self care skills – individual and group.			
Teach self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) effectively including finger pricks on patients if necessary.			
Teach patients (& care givers)/perform glucagon injection skills.			
Formulate a preliminary treatment and management plan based on assessment and investigation results, availability of consulting services, and needs of the patient.			
Teach patients/ perform management of medications for therapy in the areas of: Diabetes Related metabolic disorders Related cardiovascular prophylactic measures Other endocrine disorders Teach patients / perform management of insulin skills – including: Pen and syringe technique			
Priming technique andInjection & site selection technique			
Titrate/manage insulin effectively including basal, bolus and mixed.			
Perform/teach, and titrate/manage Advanced MDI management (I:C ratios & ISFs).	-		
Teach/administer subqutaneous, intradermal and intramuscular therapy and administer oxygen therapy.			
Insert saline lock catheters and IV catheter.			
Perform/ teach continuous glucose monitoring systems (CGM), including; Insertion/removal of CGM Proper site care for CGM Interpret reports and make appropriate therapeutic recommendations			

DIABETES & ENDOCRINOLOGY

Name of PA: <u>NAME</u>	Signature:	Date:/
Name of Primary Supervising Physician: NAME	Signature	Date:/
Name of Supervising Physician: NAME	Signature	Date:/
Name of Supervising Physician: NAME	Signature	Date:/
Name of Supervising Physician: <u>NAME</u>	Signature	Date:/

PA Medical Directive - Diagnostics and Therapeutics 2.02

Number:

2.02

Activation Date:

Date

Review due by:

, Primary Supervising Physician

Annual Basis

Sponsoring/ Contact

Person(s)

Name, Supervising Physician

Name, Supervising Physician Name, Supervising Physician Name, Supervising Physician

Orders:

Appendix Attached

Title: Order Table

(PA NAME) PA may implement orders for and/or perform diagnostic and therapeutic procedures as ordered on the appended Order Table, in accordance with the conditions identified in this directive. Orders for procedures include those for:

- Treatment of Mild to Moderate Hypoglycemia
- Treatment of severe hypoglycemia/administration of glucagon medications and samples
- Educating patients on self monitoring blood glucose (SMBG) and perform finger pricks
- Medications (No narcotics at this time d/t Controlled Drug and Substances Act.)
- · Therapeutic Interventions
- Introduction to insertion and removal of diabetes continuous glucose monitoring systems

Recipient Patients:

- Adult patients ≥ 18 yrs of age (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) who have been referred to: for diabetes care, related metabolic disorders, cardio-metabolic risk management, or other endocrine disorders
- Registered to any supervising physician who has approved this directive and
- Being referred for consultation by an ! physician to a supervising physician who has approved this directive
- Patients referred by advertisements to any physician.

Authorized Implementers:

Appendix Attached

Title: Diagnostics and Therapeutics-2.02 Competency Checklist

PA(s) who have successfully completed the Competency Assessment, have reviewed the directive and have been authorized to practice under medical directives.

Where PAs are authorized to implement physician orders pursuant to this directive, the following co-implementers may carry the orders out in accordance with their regulatory authority and role descriptions: RN, RD, CRC

Indications:

Appendix Attached Title: Order Table

- 1. Patients must have a working diagnosis given by the PA's supervising physician and/or have presenting complaints as identified on the appended Order Table,
- 2. Unless noted on the Order Table:
 - a. Diagnostic orders may be implemented for patients registered to a supervising attending physician and those referred for consultation who will be registered to a supervising physician.
 - b. Therapeutic orders may only be implemented for registered patients.
- 3. Unless noted on the Order Table, indications for medications are in accordance with the following medication references:
 - Compendium of Pharmaceutical & Specialties (2013)¹
 - Canadian Diabetes Association, Clinical Practice Guidelines, (2013)²
 - American Diabetes Association, Clinical Practice Recommendations, (2013)³
 - AACE Medical Guidelines for Clinical Practice for the Management of Diabetes Mellitus © (2011)⁴
- See appended Order Table for specific presenting complaints, working diagnoses and indications

Contraindications:

Patient refuses procedure. See appended Order Table for specific contraindications.

Guidelines for Implementing the Order /

Appendix Attached

Title: Order Table

Procedure:

See appended Order Table.

Documentation and Communication:

(PA NAME) PAs will document medication administered and/or therapeutic intervention in the patient record.

Review and Quality Monitoring Guidelines:

Staff identifying any untoward or unintended outcomes arising from implementation of orders under this directive, or any issues identified with it, will report these to Dr. or supervising physicians as soon as possible for appropriate disposition. This does not include untoward or unintended outcomes or issues that are possible clinical sequelae regardless of whether a direct order or directive is used..

Administrative Approvals

PA: Medical Directive 2.01 is approved by the Primary Supervising Physician, Dr. physicians acting as supervising physicians for the PA as listed and signed as authorizers.

and all other:

¹ Canadian Pharmacist Association, Compendium of Pharmaceuticals and Specialties: The Canadian Drug Reference for Healthcare Professionals. Ottawa, ON: Canadian Pharmacist Association, 2013.

² Canadian Diabetes Association Clinical Practice Guidelines Expert Committee. Canadian Diabetes Association 2013 Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Prevention and Management of Diabetes in Canada. Can J Diabetes 2013;37(suppl 1):51-S212.

^a American Diabetes Association. "Clinical Practice Recommendations". Diabetes Care. 36.1 (2013): \$1-108.

American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists. "American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists Medical Guidelines for Clinical Practice for Developing a Diabetes Mellitus Comprehensive Care Plan." Endocr Pract. 17.1 (2011): 1-53.

Order Table

Medical Directive Diagnostics and Therapeutics 2.02

Therapeutic Intervention/Medication Administration	Indications / Contra-indications and Guidelines	
	Indications	
Treatment of Mild to Moderate Hypoglycemia	Registered or non-registered adult patient 18 yrs or older (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent)	
	Conscious patients with Type 1 or Type 2 Diabetes presenting with mild to moderate hypoglycemia (blood glucose <4 mmol/L)	
	Contra-indications Patient refusal	
	Guidelines	
	Competent staff are able to provide treatment for mild to moderate hypoglycemia in a patient who presents with a glucometer reading of <4 mmol/L with a conscious gag reflex. In the event the patient is unable to check blood glucose him/herself, PA may perform finger pricks using a single use lancet.	
	Staff will provide 3 glucose tablets or the equivalent of 15g of fast acting carbohydrate (i.e. 1/2 cup juice). *If the patient is taking Acarbose patient must be treated with 3 dextrose tablets, or 1 cup of milk or 1 T of honey)	
	Staff will set timer to recheck blood glucose after 15 minutes.	
	If, after 15 minutes, blood glucose remains below 4 mmol/L, repeat treatment with 15g of fast acting carbohydrate.	
	When levels are >4 mmol/L staff will provide a snack consisting of carbohydrate and protein (i.e. 1 Glucerna™ bar, 1 package of cheese & crackers).	
	Staff are required to document the event in the clinic chart.	

	Indications
Treatment of Severe Hypoglycemia / Administration of Glucagon	Registered or non-registered adult patient 18 yrs or older (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent)
	Patient with Type 1 or Type 2 Diabetes presenting with severe hypoglycemia in a conscious or unconscious individual.
	Contra-indications
	Patient refusal Patient has an allergy to glucagon
	Guidelines
	PAs are able to administer 1 mg of glucagon subcutaneously or intramuscularly to patients who present with severe hypoglycemia and are unconscious.
	PA must call for emergency services.
	Once patient regains consciousness staff will provide 4 glucose tablets or the equivalent of 15 - 20g of fast acting carbohydrate (i.e. 3/4 cup juice). *If the patient is taking Acarbose patient must be treated with 4 dextrose tablets, or 1 cup of milk or 1 T of honey)
	Staff will set timer to recheck blood glucose after 15 minutes.
	If, after 15 minutes, blood glucose remains below 4 mmol/L, repeat treatment with 15g of fast acting carbohydrate.
	When levels are >4 mmol/L staff will provide a snack consisting of carbohydrate and protein (i.e. 1 Glucerna™ bar, 1 package of cheese & crackers).
	PA must document the event in the clinic chart.
	Indications
Educating patients on self monitoring blood glucose (SMBG) and performing finger pricks	Registered adult patient 18 yrs or older (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) Patient with Type 1 or Type 2 Diabetes, Pre-diabetes
	Guidelines PAs may educate patients on glucose monitoring machines by teaching patients the proper use of an appropriate glucometer and lancing devices.
	PAs may provide sample strips and lancets during the education session.
	PAs may perform finger pricks using a single use lancet on patients during glucometer teachings when such demonstrations are needed.

Introduction to insertion and removal of diabetes continuous glucose monitoring systems.	Indications Adult patient 18 yrs or older (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent). Diagnosed with diabetes and referred by a physician. Contra-indications Patient refusal Guidelines Competent PAs are able to educate patients on the use of CGMS or iPro. Competent PAs are also able to teach insertion and removal of CGMS or iPro devices.
PAs may requisition an order for or provide dietary counseling.	Indications Adult patient's ≥ 18 yrs of age (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) who have been referred to LMC for diabetes care, related metabolic disorders, or cardiometabolic risk management. Contra-indications Patient refusal Guidelines:
PAs may prescribe the groups of medications as described in the Practice Outline under Attachment A: Practice Arrangements.	Dietary counseling in accordance with the CDA guidelines will be provided to or ordered for patients as deemed necessary by the PA. Indications Adult patient's ≥ 18 yrs of age (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) who have been referred to LMC for diabetes care, related metabolic disorders, cardiometabolic risk management, or other endocrine disorders Contra-indications Patient refusal Guidelines: PAs will follow the guidelines of the CPS, CDA, ADA and the AACE see comments on cover directive, Indications #3.
PAs may provide counseling and education regarding the role of Insulin, use of Insulin pen and technique of Insulin administration.	Where conflict exists between the CPS, CDA, ADA and the AACE guidelines, the CDA Guidelines will take foremost priority, in guiding the PA. Indications Adult patient's ≥ 18 yrs of age (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) who have been referred to LMC for diabetes care, related metabolic disorders, or cardiometabolic risk management. Contra-indications Patient refusal Guidelines:
PAs may provide counseling and education	Insulin education and counseling will follow CPS, CDA, ADA & AACE guidelines. Indications

DIABETES & ENDOCRINOLOGY

regarding the role of GLP-1s, use of GLP-1 pen and the technique of GLP-1 administration	Adult patient's ≥ 18 yrs of age (or, >16 yrs old with physician consent) who have been referred to LMC for diabetes care, related metabolic disorders, or cardiometabolic risk management.	
	Contra-indications Patient refusal	
	Guidelines:	
	GLP-1 education and counseling will follow CPS, CDA, ADA & AACE guidelines.	

Approving Physician(s)/Author	izer(s):		
Primary Supervising Physician: Name			
	Signature	Date	
Supervising Physician: Name			
	Signature	Date	
Supervising Physician: Name			
	Signature	Date	
Supervising Physician: Name			
	Signature	Date	
Supervising Physician: Name			
	Signature	Date	